



MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY

To the Ratepayers of Rural Municipality of Rosthern No. 403:

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the accompanying financial statements, including responsibility for significant accounting judgments and estimates in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. The preparation of the statements necessarily includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and methods, and making decisions affecting the measurement of transactions in which objective judgments and estimates by management is required.

In discharging its responsibilities for the integrity and fair presentation of the financial statements, management designs and maintains the necessary accounting, budget and other related internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are appropriately authorized and accurately recorded, that assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded, and that financial records are properly maintained to provide reliable information for the preparation of the financial statements.

The Council is composed of elected officials who are not employees of the Municipality. The Council is responsible for overseeing management in the performance of its financial reporting responsibilities. The Council fulfils these responsibilities by reviewing the financial information prepared by the administration and discussing relevant matters with external auditors. The Council is also responsible for recommending the appointment of the Municipality's external auditors.

Jensen Stromberg Chartered Professional Accountants, an independent firm of Chartered Professional Accountants, is appointed by the Council to audit the financial statements and report directly to them; their report follows. The external auditors have full and free access to, and meet periodically and separately with, both the Council and administration to discuss their audit findings.

Administrator

Smoude Mace





Bill Jensen, CPA, CA*
Tyler Olafson, CPA, CA*
Jared Udchic, CPA*
Dylan Peace, CPA*

*denotes professional corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Reeve and Council of the Rural Municipality of Rosthern No. 403

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Rural Municipality of Rosthern No. 403, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024 and the statements of operations, changes in net financial assets, changes in financial position, and remeasurement gains and losses for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Rural Municipality as at **December 31, 2024** and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Rural Municipality in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Rural Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and the use of the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Rural Municipality or cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Rural Municipality's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Rural Municipality's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Rural Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements, or if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Rural Municipality to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Saskatoon, Saskatchewan June 10, 2025



Hensen Shorling Chartered Professional Accountants



Statement 1

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

ACCETTO	<u>2024</u>	2023
ASSETS ASSETS		
Financial assets: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Investments (Note 3) Taxes receivable - Municipal (Note 4)	\$ 6,807,315 3,655,982 189,387	6,437,213 3,382,706 155,364
Other accounts receivable (Note 5) Assets held for sale (Note 6)	66,807	49,269
Long-term receivables Debt charges recoverable		-
Other	10.710.101	10.024.552
Total financial assets <u>LIABILITIES</u>	10,719,491	10,024,552
Bank indebtedness (Note 7)	427,471	369,823
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities payable	427,471	-
Deposits	40,900	47,900
Deferred revenue	241.264	4,837
Asset retirement obligations (Note 8)	341,264	339,538
Liability for contaminated sites Other liabilities	-	
Long-term debt (Note 9)	~	
Lease obligations		
Total liabilities	809,635	762,098
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT)	9,909,856	9,262,454
Non-financial assets: Tangible capital assets (Schedule 6, 7) Intangible capital assets (Schedule 8, 9)	3,918,129	3,830,571
Prepaid and deferred charges	69	379
Stock and supplies	133,683	305,672
Total non-financial assets	4,051,881	4,136,622
Accumulated surplus (deficit)	\$ <u>13,961,737</u>	13,399,076
Accumulated surplus (deficit) is comprised of: Accumulated surplus (deficit) excluding remeasurement gains (losses) (Schedule 10) Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses) (Statement 5)	13,961,737	13,399,076
APPROVED ON BEHALF OF COUNCIL:		
Reeve		
Councillor		



Statement 2

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

			<u>2024</u> <u>Budget</u>	2024 Actual	<u>2023</u> <u>Actual</u>
Revenues:					
Tax revenue	(Schedule 1)	\$	2,777,410	2,776,539	2,648,889
Other unconditional revenue	(Schedule 1)		789,230	791,935	714,864
Fees and charges	(Schedule 4, 5)		113,900	135,042	178,589
Conditional grants	(Schedule 4, 5)		5,240	17,015	4,375
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	(Schedule 4, 5)		75,000	112,464	(31,450)
Land sales - gain (loss)	(Schedule 4, 5)		5 5 0	=	3 5
Investment income (Note 3)	(Schedule 4, 5)		160,000	385,482	296,458
Commissions	(Schedule 4, 5)		-	(=)	(#);
Restructurings	(Schedule 4, 5)		=	•	-
Other revenues	(Schedule 4, 5)	-	-	/=/	250
Total Revenues			3,920,780	4,218,477	3,811,975
Expenditures:					
General government services	(Schedule 3)		453,330	464,505	456,172
Protective services	(Schedule 3)		315,060	318,963	280,387
Transportation services	(Schedule 3)		3,083,370	2,380,356	1,978,884
Environmental and public health services	(Schedule 3)		563,600	381,229	359,366
Planning and development services	(Schedule 3)		64,000	41,632	40,148
Recreation and cultural services	(Schedule 3)		266,450	217,137	236,622
Utility services	(Schedule 3)		3	-	
Restructurings	(Schedule 3)	-			
Total Expenditures		54	4,745,810	3,803,822	3,351,579
Surplus (deficit) of revenues over expenditures before of	ther capital			11 V 3555	460.206
contributions		2	(825,030)	414,655	460,396
Provincial/Federal capital grants and contributions	(Schedule 4, 5)	-	155,020	148,006	178,282
Surplus (deficit) of revenues over expenditures			(670,010)	562,661	638,678
Accumulated surplus (deficit) excluding remeasurement beginning of year	gains (losses),	_	13,399,076	13,399,076	12,760,398
Accumulated surplus (deficit) excluding remeasurement end of year	gains (losses),	\$_	12,729,066	13,961,737	<u>13,399,076</u>



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

		2024 Budget	<u>2024</u> <u>Actual</u>	<u>2023</u> <u>Actual</u>
Surplus (deficit)	\$	(670,010)	562,661	638,678
(Acquisition) of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets Transfer of assets/liabilities in restructuring transactions	-	(617,000) 414,030 (75,000)	(688,320) 458,039 255,187 (112,464)	(957,976) 323,300 123,500 31,450
Surplus (deficit) of capital expenses over expenditures	-	(277,970)	(87,558)	(479,726)
(Acquisition) of supplies inventories (Acquisition) of prepaid expenses Consumption of supplies inventories Use of prepaid expenses			(599,543) 310 771,532	(206,250) (208) 454,558 13,551
Surplus (deficit) of expenses of other non-financial over expenditures	_	· · ·	172,299	261,651
Unrealized remeasurement gains (losses)	_			<u> </u>
Increase (decrease) in Net Financial Assets		(947,980)	647,402	420,603
Net Financial Assets (Debt) - Beginning of the year		9,262,454	9,262,454	8,841,851
Net Financial Assets (Debt) - End of year	\$_	8,314,474	9,909,856	9,262,454



Statement 4

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

Cash provided by (used in) the following activities:		2024	<u>2023</u>
Operating:			
Surplus (deficit)	\$	562,661	638,678
Amortization		458,039	323,300
Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets	-	(112,464)	31,450
		908,236	993,428
Change in assets/liabilities			
Taxes receivable - Municipal		(34,024)	4,852
Other accounts receivable		(17,538)	(23,775)
Assets held for sale		(r <u>#</u>	2 4 5
Other financial assets		UE:	00.003
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable		57,648	98,083
Deposits		(7,000)	1,300
Deferred revenue		(4,837)	4,837
Asset retirement obligations		1,727	77,485
Liability for contaminated sites		15	2-2
Other liabilities		- 171,989	248,308
Stock and supplies		310	13,343
Prepayments and deferred charges		210	15,545
Other	-		4.417.061
Net cash from operations	9	1,076,511	1,417,861
Capital:			
Cash used to acquire tangible capital assets		(688,320)	(957,976)
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets		255,187	123,500
Other capital			A T
Net cash used for capital	54	(433,133)	<u>(834,476)</u>
Investing:			
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash		-	(⊕
Proceeds on disposal of investments		=	-
Decrease (increase) in investments		(273,276)	<u>(436,855)</u>
Net cash used for investing		(273,276)	(436,855)
Financing activities:			
Debt charges recovered		-	Ę
Long-term debt issued		-	
Long-term debt repaid		-	-
Other financing		2	
Net cash from financing			
Change in cash and cash equivalents during the year		370,102	146,530
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		6,437,213	6,290,683
	1987		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year (Note 2)	S,	6,807,315	6,437,213



Statement 5

STATEMENT OF REMEASUREMENT GAINS AND LOSSES

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

		<u>2024</u> <u>Actual</u>	2023 Actual
Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses), beginning of year	\$		
Unrealized gains (losses)			
Derivatives		말	\$ 5
Equity investments measured at fair value		=	()
Foreign exchange	-		(#0)
	_		
Reclassified to the Statement of Operations			
Derivatives		2 1	:⊕0
Equity investments measured at fair value		.	30
Reversal of net remeasurements of portfolio investments		20 0	-
Foreign exchange	_		·
	_		
Net remeasurement gains (losses)	-	<u>:=0</u>	
Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses), end of year	\$		



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Municipality are prepared by management in accordance with the local government accounting standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board. Significant aspects of the accounting policies are as follows:

(a) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they become available and measurable; expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of the receipt of goods and services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

(b) Reporting Entity

The financial statements consolidate the assets, liabilities and flow of resources of the Municipality. The entity is comprised of all organizations owned or controlled by the Municipality and are, therefore, accountable to the Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

Partnerships

A partnership represents a contractual arrangement between the Municipality and a party or parties outside the reporting entity. The partners have significant, clearly defined common goals, make a financial investment in the partnership, share control of decision making, and share, on an equitable basis, the significant risks and benefits associated with the operations of the partnership.

(c) Collection of Funds for Other Authorities

Collection of funds by the Municipality for the school board, municipal hail and conservation and development authorities are collected and remitted in accordance with the relevant legislation. The amounts collected are disclosed in Note 4.

(d) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return. Government transfers are recognized as either expenditures or revenues in the period that the events giving rise to the transfer occurred, as long as:

- a) the transfer is authorized;
- b) eligibility criteria have been met by the recipient; and
- c) a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made

Unearned government transfer amounts received but not earned will be recorded as deferred revenue. Earned government transfer amounts not received will be recorded as an amount receivable.

(e) Other (Non-Government Transfer) Contributions

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year received or in the year the funds are committed to the Municipality if the amount can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Externally restricted contributions are deferred until the resources are used for the purpose specified, at which time the contributions are recognized as revenue. In-kind contributions are recorded at their fair value when they are received.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Revenue

Revenue from transactions with no performance obligations is recognized as revenue in the period in which the transaction or event occurred that gave rise to the revenue.

Revenue from transactions with related performance obligations is recognized as revenue when the related performance obligation is met. When a single transaction requires the delivery of more than one performance obligation, the revenue recognition criteria are applied to the separately identifiable performance obligations. A performance obligation is considered to be separately identifiable if the product or service delivered has stand-alone value to that customer and the fair value associated with the product or service can be measured reliably. The amount recognized as revenue for each performance obligation is its fair value in relation to the fair value of the contract as a whole.

For each performance obligation, the municipality must ascertain whether the obligation is satisfied over a period of time, or at a point in time. In order to do this, the characteristics of the underlying goods and/or services must be considered in order to determine when the ultimate performance obligations will be satisfied. If any of the below criteria are met, the revenue must be recognized over a period of time; otherwise, corresponding amounts are to be recognized at a point in time:

- a) The payor simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the municipality's performance as they fulfill the performance obligation.
- b) The municipality's performance creates or enhances an asset (for example, work in progress) that the payor controls or uses as the asset is created or enhanced
- c) The municipality's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to itself, and the municipality has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date
- d) The municipality is expected to continually maintain or support the transferred good or service under the terms of the agreement
- e) The municipality provides the payor with access to a specific good or service under the terms of the agreement.

When determining the amounts of revenue to recognize at various stages along the point in time, determinants vary but often include percentage completed.

Deferred Revenue - Fees and Charges

Certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred or services performed.

(g) Local Improvement Charges

Local improvement projects financed by frontage taxes recognize any prepayment charges as revenue in the period assessed.

(h) Net Financial Assets

Net financial assets at the end of an accounting period are the net amount of financial assets less liabilities outstanding. Financial assets represent items such as cash and those other assets on hand which could provide resources to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. These include realizable assets which are convertible to cash and not intended for consumption in the normal course of operations.

(i) Non-Financial Assets

Tangible capital and other non-financial assets are accounted for as assets by the government because they can be used to provide government services in future periods. These assets do not normally provide resources to discharge the liabilities of the government unless they are sold.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(j) Appropriated Reserves

Reserves are established at the discretion of Council to designate surplus for future operating and capital transactions. Amounts designated are described on Schedule 10.

(k) Property Tax Revenue

Property tax revenue is based on assessments determined in accordance with Saskatchewan Legislation and the formulas, principles, and rules in the Saskatchewan Assessment Manual. Tax mill rates are established annually by Council following the guidance of the Government of Saskatchewan. Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred. Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue.

(1) Financial Instruments

Derivative and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are carried at fair value. All other financial instruments are measured at cost or amortized cost. Financial assets measured at amortized cost are recognized initially net of transaction costs with interest income recognized using the effective interest rate method. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of operations when there is an other than temporary decline in value.

Interest and dividends attributable to financial instruments are reported in the statement of operations. Unrealized gains and losses are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses. When the investment is disposed of the accumulated gains or losses are reclassified to the statement of operations.

Long-term debt: Long-term debt is initially recognized net of premiums, discounts, and transaction costs and is measured at amortized cost with interest expense recognized using the effective interest rate method.

Long-term receivables: Receivables with terms longer than one year have been classified as other long-term receivables.

Measurement of Financial Instruments:

The Municipality's financial assets and liabilities are measured as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents

Cost and amortized cost

Investments Fair value and cost/amortized cost

Other accounts receivable Cost and amortized cost

Long-term receivables Amortized cost
Debt charges recoverable Amortized cost

Bank indebtedness Amortized cost

Amortized cost

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Cost
Deposit liabilities Cost

Long-term debt Amortized cost



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(m) Inventories

Inventories of materials and supplies expected to be used by the Municipality are valued at the lower of cost or replacement cost. Inventories of land, materials and supplies held for resale are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined by the average cost method. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price of the inventory in the ordinary course of business.

(n) Tangible Capital Assets

All tangible capital asset acquisitions or betterments made throughout the year are recorded at their acquisition cost. Initial costs for tangible capital assets that were acquired and developed prior to 2009 were obtained via historical cost information or using current fair market values discounted by a relevant inflation factor back to the point of acquisition. Donated tangible capital assets received are recorded at their fair market value at the date of the contribution. The tangible capital assets that are recognized at a nominal value are disclosed on Schedule 6. The costs of these tangible capital assets less any residual value are amortized over the asset's useful life using the straight-line method of amortization. The Municipality's tangible capital asset useful lives are estimated as follows:

<u>Asset</u>	Useful Life
General Assets	
Land	Indefinite
Land improvements	10 to 50 years
Buildings	25 to 50 years
Vehicles and equipment	
Vehicles	5 to 25 years
Machinery & Equipment	5 to 25 years
Infrastructure Assets	
Infrastructure assets	30 to 75 years
Water and sewer	30 to 75 years
Road network assets	30 to 75 years

Government contributions: Government contributions for the acquisition of capital assets are reported as capital revenue and do not reduce the cost of the related asset.

Works of art and other unrecognized assets: Assets that have a historical or cultural significance, which include works of art, monuments and other cultural artifacts are not recognized as tangible capital assets because a reasonable estimate of future benefits associated with this property cannot be made.

Capitalization of interest: The Municipality does not capitalize interest incurred while a tangible capital asset is under construction.

Leases: All leases are recorded on the financial statements as either a capital or operating lease. Any lease that transfers the majority of benefits and risk associated with the leased asset is classified as a capital lease. At the inception of a capital lease, an asset and a payment obligation are recorded at an amount equal to the lesser of the present value of the minimum lease payments and the asset's fair market value. Assets under capital leases are amortized on a straight line basis, over their estimated useful lives (lease term). Any other lease not meeting the before-mentioned criteria is classified as an operating lease and rental payments are expensed as incurred.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(o) Public Private Partnerships

Public private partnerships where the municipality procures infrastructure using a private sector partner are accounted for and reported as infrastructure assets on the Statement of Financial Position and are initially recognized at cost. Cost includes the gross amount of consideration given up to acquire, construct, develop or better a tangible capital asset; and all costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the infrastructure asset. Infrastructure assets are amortized over the asset's useful life and recognized as an expense on the Statement of Operations.

When the municipality has recognized an infrastructure asset in relation to a public private partnership arrangement and has an obligation to provide consideration to the private sector partner, the municipality recognizes a corresponding infrastructure liability on the Statement of Financial Position. Infrastructure liabilities are initially measured at the same amount as the related infrastructure asset, reduced for any consideration previously provided to the public sector partner. Other consideration attributable to the partnership agreement such as operating and maintenance payments are excluded from the measurement of the liability. Two common models used to measure infrastructure liabilities are the financial liability and user pay models. The financial liability model is utilized when the municipality designs, builds, finances, operates and/or maintains infrastructure in exchange for a contractual right to receive cash or another asset. The reason for this being that the corresponding liability constitutes a financial liability. The user pay model is applicable when the private sector partner designs, builds, finances, operates and/or maintains the infrastructure in exchange for a right to charge the ultimate end users. This compensation granted by the municipality is facilitated via the granting of rights to earn revenue from a third party. Due to such, the corresponding liability should be classified as a performance obligation.

Key estimation techniques used may include independent market appraisals, relevant past transactions or quotes generated by other bidders.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(p) Asset Retirement Obligations

Asset retirement obligations represent the legal obligations associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset that results from its acquisition, construction, development, or normal use. The tangible capital assets include but are not limited to assets in productive use, assets no longer in productive use, and leased tangible capital assets.

The liability associated with an asset retirement obligation is measured with reference to the best estimate of the amount required to ultimately remediate the liability at the financial statement date to the extent that all recognition criteria are met. Asset retirement obligations are only recognized when there is a legal obligation for the Municipality to incur costs in relation to a specific tangible capital asset, when the past transaction or event causing the liability has already occurred, when economic benefits will need to be given up in order to remediate the liability and when a reasonable estimate of such amount can be made. The best estimate of the liability includes all costs directly attributable to the remediation of the asset retirement obligation, based on the most reliable information that is available as at the applicable reporting date. Where cash flows are expected over future periods, the liability is recognized using the present value method.

When a liability for an asset retirement obligation is initially recognized, a corresponding adjustment to the related tangible capital asset is also recognized. Through the passage of time in subsequent reporting periods, the carrying value of the liability is adjusted to reflect accretion expenses incurred in the current period. This expense ensures that the time value of money is considered when recognizing outstanding liabilities at each reporting date. The capitalized asset retirement cost within tangible capital assets is also simultaneously depreciated on the same basis as the underlying asset to which it relates.

At remediation, the Municipality derecognizes the liability that was established. In some circumstances, gains or losses may be incurred upon settlement related to the ongoing measurement of the liability and corresponding estimates that were made and are recognized in the statement of operations.

(q) Liability for Contaminated Sites

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of contaminated sites is recognized when all the following criteria are met:

- a) an environmental standard exists;
- b) contamination exceeds the environmental standard;
- c) the Municipality:
 - i. is directly responsible; or
 - ii. accepts responsibility;
- d) it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
- e) a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

The Municipality does not have any contaminated sites.

(r) Employee Benefit Plans

Contributions to the Municipality's defined benefit plans are expensed when contributions are made. Under the defined benefit plan, the Municipality's obligations are limited to its contributions.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(s) Measurement Uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the period.

Measurement uncertainty impacts the following financial statement areas:

- a) Accounts receivable are stated after evaluation as to their collectability and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided where considered necessary.
- b) The measurement of materials and supplies are based on estimates of volume and quality.
- c) The 'Opening asset costs' of tangible capital assets have been estimated where actual costs were not available.
- d) Amortization is based on the estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets.
- e) The liability associated with asset retirement obligations are measured with reference to the best estimate of the amount required to ultimately remediate the liability at the financial statement date, the discount rate, and inflation.
- f) Measurement of financial instruments at fair value and recognition and measurement of impairment of financial instruments requires the use of significant management estimates.

These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known.

(t) Basis of Segmentation/Segment Report

The Municipality follows the Public Sector Accounting Board's recommendations requiring financial information to be provided on a segmented basis. Municipal services have been segmented by grouping activities that have similar service objectives (by function). Revenues that are directly related to the costs of the function have been attributed to each segment. Interest is allocated to functions based on the purpose of specific borrowing.

These segments (functions) are as follows:

General Government: The general government segment provides for the administration of the Municipality.

Protective Services: Protective services is comprised of expenses for police and fire protection.

Transportation Services: The transportation services segment is responsible for the delivery of public works services related to the development and maintenance of roadway systems and street lighting.

Environmental and Public Health: The environmental segment provides waste disposal and other environmental services. The public health segment provides for expenses related to public health services in the Municipality.

Planning and Development: The planning and development segment provides for neighbourhood development and sustainability.

Recreation and Culture: The recreation and culture segment provides for community services through the provision of recreation and leisure services.

Utility Services: The utility services segment provides for the delivery of water, collecting and treating of wastewater and providing collection and disposal of solid waste.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(u) Assets Held for Sale

The Municipality records assets held for sale when the Municipality is committed to selling the asset, the asset is in a condition to be sold, the asset is publicly seen to be for sale, there is an active market for the asset, there is a plan in place for selling the asset, and the sale is reasonably anticipated to be completed within one year of the financial statement date.

(v) Loan Guarantees

Loan guarantees provided by the Municipality for various organizations are not consolidated as part of the Municipality's financial statements. As the guarantees represent potential financial commitments for the Municipality, these amounts are considered contingent liabilities and are not formally recognized as liabilities until the Municipality considers it likely for the borrower to default on its obligation and the amount of the liability can be estimated. The Municipality monitors the status of the organizations annually and in the event that payment by the Municipality is likely to occur, a provision will be recognized in the financial statements.

(w) Intangible Capital Assets

Identifiable intangible capital assets are initially recorded at their acquisition cost, and subsequently measured at acquisition cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Intangible capital assets are recognized as non-financial assets in the financial statements.

The carrying value of identifiable intangible capital assets with finite lives are amortized over the asset's useful life.

(x) New Accounting Policies Adopted During the Year

PS 3400 Revenue - a new standard establishing guidance on how to account for and report on revenue. The standard provides a framework for recognizing, measuring and reporting revenues that arise from transactions that include performance obligations and transactions that do not have performance obligations. Performance obligations are enforceable promises to provide specific goods or services to a specific payer. This standard may be applied retroactively or prospectively.

PSG-8 Purchased intangibles - provides guidance on accounting for and reporting on purchased intangible capital assets. It provides clarity on the recognition criteria, along with instances of assets that would not meet the definition of such. Application may be made either retroactively or prospectively in accordance with *PS* 2120 Accounting Changes.

PS 3160 Public private partnerships - a new standard establishing guidance on how to account for and report on partnerships between public and private sector entities. Specifically those in which the entity in the public sector procures infrastructure in conjunction with a private sector entity. In these scenarios the private sector entity must have obligations to design, build, acquire or improve existing infrastructure. Furthermore they must also finance the transaction past the point in which the asset is initially ready for use along with operation and/or maintaining such on an ongoing basis. The standard may be applied either retroactively or prospectively.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Cash	\$	6,807,315	6,437,213
Short-term investments		19 2	-
Restricted cash	-	= (; **
	\$_	6,807,315	6,437,213

Cash and cash equivalents include balances with banks, less outstanding cheques and plus outstanding deposits, and short-term deposits with maturities of three months or less.

3. INVESTMENTS

		<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Investments carried at fair value: Equity investments quoted in an active market Portfolio investments	\$	e e	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
Investments carried at amortized cost: GICs Government/government guaranteed bonds	_	3,655,982	3,382,706
Total investments	\$	3,655,982	3,382,706

GICs have effective interest rates of 4.70% to 5.25% with maturity dates from July 15, 2025 to January 13, 2026.

		2024	2023
Investment income:			
Interest	\$	385,482	296,458
Dividends		(<u>4</u>)	=
Realized gains (losses) previously recognized in the statement			
of remeasurement		·	291
Realized gains (losses) on disposal		(2)	•
Impairment charges			≅
Net settlement on derivative financial instruments		: -	Ē
Income from portfolio investments	-		
	\$	385,482	296,458



2022

2024

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

4. TAXES RECEIVABLE - MUNICIPAL

	<u>2024</u>	2023
Municipal: - Current - Arrears	\$ 153,659 35,728 189,387	110,613 44,751 155,364
Less: allowance for uncollectibles		
Total municipal taxes receivable	189,387	155,364
School: - Current - Arrears	66,502 10,654	50,648 16,037
Total taxes to be collected on behalf of School Divisions	77,156	66,685
Other: - Current - Arrears	2,950	700
Total other collections receivable	2,950	700
Total taxes and grants in lieu receivable or to be collected on behalf of other organizations	269,493	222,749
Deduct taxes receivable to be collected on behalf of other organizations	(80,106)	(67,385)
Total taxes receivable - Municipal	\$189,387	155,364
OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		
	<u>2024</u>	2023
Federal government Provincial government Local government Utility Trade Other	\$ 31,843 - - - 34,964	22,940 - - - 26,329
Total other accounts receivable Less: allowance for uncollectibles	66,807	49,269
Net other accounts receivable	\$ 66,807	49,269



5.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

6. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

	2024	<u>2023</u>
Tax title property Less: - allowance for market value adjustment	\$ 32 ⁴	
Net tax title property		- :
Other land Less: - allowance for market value adjustment		
Net other land		
Total land for resale	\$	

7. BANK INDEBTEDNESS

Credit Arrangements

At December 31, 2024, the Municipality had a line of credit totaling \$300,000, none of which was drawn.

8. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

	<u>2024</u>	2023
Balance, beginning of the year Liabilities incurred Liabilities settled Accretion expense Changes in estimated cash flows	\$ 339,538 - (16,034) 17,760	262,053 76,651 - 834
Estimated total liability	\$ 341,264	339,538

Landfill - Landfill closure and post-closure care requirements have been defined in accordance with The environmental Management and Protection Act and include final covering and landscaping of the landfill, pumping of ground water, methane gas and leachate management, and ongoing environmental monitoring, site inspection and maintenance. The report liability is based on estimates and assumptions with respect to events extending over a 1-year period using the best information that is available to management. Future events may result in significant changes to the estimated total expense, capacity used or total capacity and the estimated liability, and would be recognized prospectively, as a change in estimate, when applicable.

9. LONG-TERM DEBT

The authorized debt limit for the Municipality is \$2,992,949. The authorized debt limit for a Municipality is the total amount of the Municipality's own source revenues for the preceding year (the *Municipalities Act* section 161(1)). The incremental debt above the debt limit authorized in the Municipalities Act is approved by the Saskatchewan Municipal Board.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

10.PENSION PLAN

The Municipality is an employer member of the Municipal Employee Pension Plan (MEPP), which is a multiemployer defined benefit pension plan. The Commission of MEPP, representing plan member employers, is responsible for overseeing the management of the pension plan, including investment of assets and administration of benefits. The Municipality's pension expense in 2024 was \$52,267 (2023 - \$48,368). The benefits accrued to the Municipality's employees from MEPP are calculated using the following: pensionable years of service, highest average salary, and the plan accrual rate.

Total current service contributions by the Municipality to MEPP in 2024 were \$52,267 (2023 - \$48,368). Total current service contributions by the employees of the Municipality to MEPP in 2024 were \$52,267 (2023 - \$48,368).

Based on the latest information available (December 31, 2024 Audited Financial Statements) the Municipal Employees Pension Plan had a surplus in the net assets available for benefits of \$1,519,648,000. This is based on the most recent actuarial valuation, completed December 31, 2023. The Rural Municipality's portion of this is not readily determinable.

11.BUDGET

The Financial Plan (Budget) adopted by Council on May 7, 2024 was not prepared on a basis consistent with that used to report actual results. The budget was prepared on a modified accrual basis while Public Sector Accounting Standards require a full accrual basis. The budgeted surplus does not include amounts budgeted for capital purchases, or transfers to or from reserves. As a result, the budget figures presented in the statements of operations and change in net financial assets include the following adjustments:

		<u>2024</u>
Budget net surplus Less: Transfers from reserves	\$	(1,637,010)
Add: Investment in tangible capital assets Transfer to reserves		617,000 350,000
Budget surplus per statement of operations	\$	(670,010)



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

12.RISK MANAGEMENT

Through its financial assets and liabilities, the Municipality is exposed to various risks.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge their responsibilities with respect to the financial instrument, and in doing so, cause a loss for the other party. The Municipality is mainly exposed to credit risk with respect to its cash and taxes and other accounts receivable. It is management's opinion that the Municipality is not exposed to significant credit risk as its cash is held by financial institutions with high credit ratings, and a significant portion of its taxes and other accounts receivable can be collected through tax enforcement procedures.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Municipality will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations as they fall due. The Municipality undertakes regular cash flow analyses to ensure that there are sufficient cash resources to meet all obligations. The Municipality is mainly exposed to liquidity risk with respect to its accounts payable and accrued liabilities and asset retirement obligations.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk, and other price risk.

- Interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Municipality is subject to interest rate risk on its investments.
- Currency risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in currency fluctuations. The Municipality is not subject to significant currency risk.
- Other price risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the fair value of equity investments. The Municipality is not subject to significant other price risk.



SCHEDULE OF TAXES AND OTHER UNCONDITIONAL REVENUES

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

		<u>2024</u> <u>Budget</u>	2024 Actual	2023 <u>Actual</u>
TAXES				
General municipal tax levy	\$	2,881,870	2,878,029	2,744,642
Abatements and adjustments		(4	120	140
Discount on current year taxes	-	(104,460)	(111,651)	(104,459)
Net municipal taxes		2,777,410	2,766,378	2,640,183
Potash tax share		o e :	=	:=:
Trailer license fees		14	₹₩₹	5 # 7
Penalties on tax arrears		- <u>-</u>	10,161	8,706
Special tax levy		i e	냈	35
Other	-	-	<u> </u>	
Total Taxes	-	2,777,410	2,776,539	2,648,889
UNCONDITIONAL GRANTS				
Revenue sharing		748,240	748,293	657,841
Organized Hamlet		25,880	27,928	41,911
Other	_	0.50		-
Total Unconditional Grants	=	774,120	776,221	699,752
GRANTS IN LIEU OF TAXES				
Federal		10,090	10,441	10,093
Provincial				
S.P.C. Electrical			(4)	≅ €
Sask. Energy Gas			*	益市
TransGas		S#3	(#E)	= 27
Central Services		(-)	(-)	=
Sasktel		120		编品
Other		/ 2 8		3 5
Local/Other				
Housing Authority		949	-	(- 0)
C.P.R. Mainline			=	
Treaty Land Entitlement		5,020	5,273	5,019
Other		(-)	5 = 2	35 0
Other Government Transfers				
S.P.C. Surcharge		-	選:	=\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}
Sask Energy Surcharge			370	370
Other	=	15.110	15 714	15 112
Total Grants in Lieu of Taxes	=	15,110	15,714	15,112
TOTAL TAXES AND OTHER UNCONDITIONAL REVENUE	\$_	3,566,64 <u>0</u>	3,568,474	3,363,753



SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

with comparative figure	\$ 101 2023		
	<u>2024</u> Budget	<u>2024</u> Actual	<u>2023</u> Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges			
Custom work	\$ 37,000	45,527	67,796
Sales of supplies	1,500	705	1,325
Other (Municipal reserve collection, insurance proceeds, and other)	15,000	26,549	17,709
Total Fees and Charges	53,500	72,781	86,830
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	75,000	91,278	-
Land sales - gain (loss)	1.00.000	205 402	207.459
Investment income	160,000	385,482	296,458
Commissions Other			-
Total other segmented revenue	288,500	549,541	383,288
Conditional Grants	200,500	317,311	000,200
Student employment	=		1211
Other		V#3	:#X
Total Conditional Grants	-	(1±1)	
Total Operating	288,500	549,541	383,288
Capital			
Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	•	15	970
Provincial Disaster Assistance	<u>\$</u>	020	-
Other			:=0
Total Capital			
Restructuring Revenue			
Total General Government Services	288,500	549,541	383,288
PROTECTIVE SERVICES Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges			
Other (fire calls)	18,000	26,660	50,718
Total Fees and Charges	18,000	26,660	50,718
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	-) =	32 6
Other			
Total other segmented revenue	18,000	26,660	50,718
Conditional Grants			
Student employment	2	97 4 4	(a))
Local government	•	390	경임
Other Total Conditional Grants	— <u> </u>		-
	18,000	26,660	50,718
Total Operating	10,000	20,000	30,710
Capital Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	25	3846	(40)
Provincial Disaster Assistance	*	0 5 2	3 = 23
Local government	7:	(e)	-
Other	=======================================	<u> </u>	
Total Capital		37	
Restructuring Revenue			
Total Protective Services	18,000	26,660	50,718



SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

with comparative figures			
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
	Budget	Actual	Actual
TRANSPORTATION SERVICES	Dudget		
Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges		0.440	4.560
Custom work	\$ 5,000	8,468	4,560
Sale of gravel and supplies	(2)	×	*
Road Maintenance and Restoration Agreements	5,000	*	4,633
Other (permits)	6,000	6,750	5,445
Total Fees and Charges	16,000	15,218	14,638
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	2. 5	21,186	(31,450)
Other	120	2	<u>.</u>
Total other segmented revenue	16,000	36,404	(16,812)
_			·
Conditional Grants			
Primary Weight Corridor		*	
Student employment			
Other			
Total Conditional Grants		-	-
Total Operating	16,000	36,404	(16,812)
Capital			
Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	155,020	148,006	155,020
MREP (Heavy Haul, CTP, Municipal Bridges)	155,020	1,0,000	-
	2.E3 9.68	5 2	23,262
Provincial Disaster Assistance			25,202
Other	155,020	148,006	178,282
Total Capital	133,020	140,000	170,202
Restructuring Revenue	**	(*)	-
Total Transportation Services	171,020	184,410	161,470
-			
ENVIRONMENTAL AND PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES			
Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges			
Waste and Disposal Fees	65	: <u>*</u>	≆
Other	(e:	(#)	
Total Fees and Charges	7.50		4
	161		
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)			22
Other			-
Total other segmented revenue			
Conditional Grants			
Student employment		(*)	-
TAPD	(**)	178	
Local government	1.5	€.	2
Other (pest and weed control)	4,700		3,831
Total Conditional Grants	4,700	<u> </u>	3,831
Total Operating	4,700	16,471	3,831
Capital			
Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)			
TAPD	150		
Provincial Disaster Assistance		(#.C	: ■)
Other			
Total Capital		*	?
Restructuring Revenue			
Total Environmental and Public Health Services Services	4,700	16,471	3,831
Total Environmental and radiic fleath Services Services	7,700	10,771	



SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

With Compared to Especial	2024 Budget	<u>2024</u> Actual	<u>2023</u> Actual
PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES	Budget	Actual	Actual
Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges Maintenance and Development Charges	\$	27	4
Other		90	
Total Fees and Charges	381	1 <u>2</u> 2	
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	(m)	:⊕):	30
Other		: · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
Total other segmented revenue			3
Conditional Grants			
Student employment		720	**
Other	241		
Total Conditional Grants			
Total Operating			
Capital			
Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	(15)	45%	3)
Provincial Disaster Assistance	-	126 126	-
Other			
Total Capital			
Restructuring Revenue			
Total Planning and Development Services	(a)		<u> </u>
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES			
Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges			
Sales of supplies	1.00	-	•
Other			*
Total Fees and Charges	*	3.00€	120
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	-	*	250
Other (donations)			250 250
Total other segmented revenue			230
Conditional Grants			EW.
Student Employment	15		-
Local government Donations	540	544	544
Other			626
Total Conditional Grants	540	544	544
Total Operating	540	544	794
Capital			
Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	5¥	596	:€
Local government	(c)	ē = }	180
Provincial Disaster Assistance	1.5	٠	
Other		= ==	- 36
Total Capital	-		
Restructuring Revenue	72		*
Total Recreation and Cultural Services	540	544	794



SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

with comparative figures	2024	2024	2023
	Budget	Actual	Actual
UTILITY SERVICES	<u>Duagor</u>		
Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges			
Water	\$ ->:	.e	
Sewer	:#U	<u> </u>	2
Other (Sask Valley Rural Water Utility admin fees)	26,400	20,383	26,403
Total Fees and Charges	26,400	20,383	26,403
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	(-)	:4	×
Other			
Total other segmented revenue	26,400	20,383	26,403
Conditional Grants			
Student employment		31	<u> </u>
Other		140	
Total Conditional Grants		(#)	
Total Operating	26,400	20,383	26,403
Capital			
Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	3.00		2
New Building Canada Fund (SCF, NRP)	•	-	-
Clean Water and Wastewater Fund	:●		
Provincial Disaster Assistance	<u></u>	通 数	
Other			
Total Capital			-
Restructuring Revenue		•	
Total Utility Services	26,400	20,383	26,403
TOTAL OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION	\$509,160	798,009	626,504
SUMMARY		(32.000	442.047
Total Other Segmented Revenue	\$ 348,900	632,988	443,847
Total Conditional Grants	5,240	17,015	4,375 178,282
Total Capital Grants and Contributions	155,020	148,006	170,404
Restructuring Revenue			
TOTAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION	S509,160	798,009	626,504



TOTAL EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

	<u>2024</u> <u>Budget</u>	2024 Actual	2023 Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES			
Council remuneration and travel	\$ 61,000	65,575	57,052
Wages and benefits	198,000	209,996	194,585
Professional/Contractual services	101,700	105,434	131,568
Utilities	12,600	12,706	12,353
Maintenance, materials, and supplies	69,530	61,931	48,271
Grants and contributions -operating	(a)	12	⊋
-capital	150		*
Amortization	3,000	4,520	4,520
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	-	9	834
Interest		i#:	*
Allowance for uncollectibles	(*)	(* ?	474
Other (elections)	7,500	4,343	6,515
General Government Services	453,330	464,505	456,172
Restructuring	585		
Total General Government Services	453,330	464,505	456,172
PROTECTIVE SERVICES Police protection			
Wages and benefits		105.020	100 117
Professional/Contractual services	212,820	197,930	189,117
Utilities	⊛ .	:52	
Maintenance, materials, and supplies		-	•
Grants and contributions -operating	S#6	3.00	*
-capital	(**)	8.8	
Amortization	•	*	-
Accretion of asset retirement obligations		147	*
Interest	-	3 €5	5
Other	350		-
Fire protection			
Wages and benefits	•	-	2
Professional/Contractual services	102,240	121,033	91,270
Utilities	:€	(5)	•
Maintenance, materials, and supplies		•	2
Grants and contributions -operating	-	⊛ :	*
-capital	: €:	251	=
Amortization	120	•	ă
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	*	14 0	-
Interest		(±)	
Other		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Protective Services	315,060	318,963	280,387
Restructuring			
Total Protective Services	315,060	318,963	280,387



TOTAL EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

	2024 Budget	2024 <u>Actual</u>	2023 Actual
TRANSPORTATION SERVICES			
Wages and benefits	\$ 513,400	522,837	501,905
Professional/Contractual services	242,000	7,896	31,859
Utilities	28,640	25,541	34,488
Maintenance, materials, and supplies	931,300	516,296	522,942
Gravel	1,050,000	947,247	661,890
Grants and contributions -operating	· ·		=
-capital	35)	2 (0. 520	225 000
Amortization	318,030	360,539	225,800
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	3 ₽ 1	(€)	
Interest	±=:	1371 1001	: <u>.</u>
Other	2,002,270	2,380,356	1,978,884
Transportation Services	3,083,370	2,380,330	
Restructuring			
Total Transportation Services	3,083,370	2,380,356	1,978,884
ENVIRONMENTAL AND PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES			
Wages and benefits	79,000	64,694	48,610
Professional/Contractual services	203,300	165,521	143,563
Utilities	7,800	25,622	7,577
Maintenance, materials, and supplies	12,500	10,231	5,185
Grants and contributions -operating			
Waste disposal	.	(2)	547
Public health	125,000	4,421	(#):
-capital			
Waste disposal		-	(2)
Public health	12	:=C	÷€1
Amortization	93,000	92,980	92,980
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	43,000	17,760	61,451
Interest	12	·	(-)
Other		201.220	250.266
Environmental and Public Health Services	563,600	381,229	359,366
Restructuring			.
Total Environmental and Public Health Services	563,600	381,229	359,366
PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES			
Wages and benefits	=	⊛ :	3.87
Professional/Contractual services	64,000	41,632	40,148
Grants and contributions -operating	₹	120	
-capital	-	(*)	2 0 0
Amortization	*	3.5	信息と
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	*	-	120
Interest	2	(-)	3#31
Other		(1, (32)	40.140
Planning and Development Services	64,000	41,632	40,148
Restructuring		41.622	40.140
Total Planning and Development Services	64,000	41,632	40,148



TOTAL EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

	<u>2024</u> <u>Budget</u>	2024 Actual	2023 Actual
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES			
Wages and benefits	\$		<u> </u>
Professional/Contractual services	-	*	9
Utilities	(#C		8
Maintenance, materials, and supplies	158,810	101,317	128,186
Grants and contributions -operating	107,640	115,820	108,436
-capital	(40)	-	÷-
Amortization	(±)	3.	
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	(E)	•	12
Interest	**	-	*
Allowance for uncollectibles	*	370	27
Other			
Recreation and Cultural Services	266,450	217,137	236,622
Restructuring			
Total Recreation and Cultural Services	266,450	217,137	236,622
UTILITY SERVICES			
Wages and benefits		· <u>~</u> ()	:=
Professional/Contractual services	*	(*6)	(**);
Utilities	9 4 3	1 5 %	###.U
Maintenance, materials, and supplies		*	141
Grants and contributions -operating	34	:=2	(=):
-capital	:#:	:#2 =0	[課任 980A
Amortization	v <u>=</u> 1		:=!! *****
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	247	(4),	 0
Interest	(e)	##/ 04/	2,50 V.50
Allowance for uncollectibles	V.=V.	<u></u>	720
Other			100
Utility Services	::=:		- 30
Restructuring	<u> </u>		
Total Utility Services	- 15		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION	S4,745,810	3,803,822	<u>3,351,579</u>



562,661

RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF ROSTHERN NO. 403

Schedule 4

SCHEDULE OF SEGMENT DISCLOSURE BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2024

				Favironmental				
	General Government	Protective Services	Transportation Services	& Public Health	Planning and Development	Recreation and Culture	Utility Services	Total
Revenues (Schedule 2)								
Fees and charges	\$ 72,781	26,660	15,218	•	e.		20,383	135,042
Tangible capital asset sales - Gain (loss)	91,278	((60))		100	1000	91	(4),	112,464
Land sales - Gain (loss)	Ü	α	8	ä	*	ž	*	38
Investment income	385,482	ж	1	Ŧ	×	į	Œ.	385,482
Commissions	Ř	×	į)	Ř	10	E.	e.	ħ:
Other revenues	90	(4)	9	5		ij	()	9.
Grants - Conditional		: 196	¥	16,471	×	544		17,015
Grants - Capital	3 0	.0	148,006	ě	1 0	Ĕ		148,006
Restructurings			9		39		,	
Total revenues	549,541	26,660	184,410	16.471	1	544	20,383	798,009
Expenses (Schedule 3)								
Wages & Benefits	275,571	A	522,837	64,694	£	67	•)	863,102
Professional/Contractual Services	105,434	318,963	7,896	165,521	41,632	((81))	300	639,446
Utilities	12,706	610	25,541	25,622	.,	3	9	63,869
Maintenance, materials and supplies	61,931	я	1,463,543	10,231	ж	101,317	*	1,637,022
Grants and contributions		2.	¥	4,421	ĸ	115,820	8	120,241
Amortization	4,520	6	360,539	92,980	11.977	930	9	458,039
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	§ *	3	34	17,760	7.	ж	2	17,760
Interest	9.		960	*	×	\$ 10		ĵ)
Allowance for uncollectibles	E.	è	1300	() (3)		81	(3)	%
Other	4,343	j	1	9	8	*	×	4,343
Restructurings		×	×	*	ë	x		
Total expenses	464,505	318,963	2,380,356	381,229	41,632	217,137		3,803,822
Surplus (deficit) by function	85,036	(292,303)	(2,195,946)	(364,758)	(41,632)	(216,593)) 20,383	(3,005,813)
Taxation and other unconditional revenue (Schedule 1)	1)							3,568,474

Taxation and other unconditional revenue (Schedule 1)

Net surplus (deficit)





638,678

3,363,753

RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF ROSTHERN NO. 403

Schedule 5

SCHEDULE OF SEGMENT DISCLOSURE BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2023

			-	Environmenta!				
	General Government	Protective Services	Transportation Services	& Public Health	Planning and Development	Recreation and Culture	Utility Services	Total
Revenues (Schedule 2)								
Fees and charges	\$ 86,830	50,718	14,638	£	V	¥.	26,403	178,589
Tangible capital asset sales - Gain (loss)	i de	1407	(31,450)	888	(9)	ā	ē	(31,450)
Land sales - Gain (loss)	ā	a	ĵį.	i.t	¥	*	ě	•
Investment income	296,458	*	×		Ж	*)	ř	296,458
Commissions	ñ	*0	E.	6	1000		ā	æ
Other revenues	30	Œ	(3)	ā	OX.	250	<u></u>	250
Grants - Conditional	10	0.	3	3,831	×	544	Ē	4,375
Grants - Capital	ž	ж	178,282	ij	ĸ	<u>ē</u>	(2)	178,282
Restructurings						9	4	,
Total revenues	383,288	50.718	161,470	3,831		794	26,403	626,504
Expenses (Schedule 3)								
Wages & Benefits	251,637	(8)	501,905	48,610	٠	•		802,152
Professional/Contractual Services	131,568	280,387	31,859	143,563	40,148	540	(*)	627,525
Utilities	12,353	(0)	34,488	7,577	69	74	•	54,418
Maintenance, materials and supplies	48,271	- 5%	1,184,832	5,185	,	128,186	ŶĬ	1,366,474
Grants and contributions	*	*	ĸ	8	•0	108,436	(1)	108,436
Amortization	4,520	v	225,800	92,980	30.3	66	(A	323,300
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	834	28	136	61,451	9	¥	¥	62,285
Interest	*	*	×	*	Æ	TC.	0	76
Allowance for uncollectibles	474	£î	es	¢	11897	(0)	28	474
Other	6,515	3.	13	(i)	9	э	3	6,515
Restructurings		3		ī	,	×		
Total expenses	456,172	280.387	1,978,884	359,366	40,148	236,622		3,351,579
Surplus (deficit) by function	(72,884)	(229,669)	(1,817,414)	(355,535)	(40,148)	(235,828)	26,403	(2,725,075)

Taxation and other unconditional revenue (Schedule 1)

Net surplus (deficit)



SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS BY OBJECT

Year ended December 31, 2024 with comparative figures for 2023

				2024						2023
			General Assets			Infrastructure Assets	ure Assets	General / Infrastructure		
	Land	Land Improvements	Buildings	Vehicles	Machinery & Equipment	Linear Assets	Public Private Partnerships	Assets Under Construction	Total	Total
Asset cost										
Opening asset costs	\$ 266,064	490,593	411,755	456,188	2,755,011	4,859,215	į.	126,511	9,365,337	8,752,361
Additions during the year	æ	r	21,454	83,799	583,067		(0)	20	688,320	924,976
Disposals and write-downs during the year	(1,750)	,	(27,949)	×	(333,439)	ŧ	٠	£	(363,138)	(345,000)
Transfers (from) assets under construction	•)	٠	126,511	ę.	ř.		21413	(126,511)	a:	4
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 13)	э			9		9		x		
Closing asset costs	264,314	490,593	531,771	539,987	3,004,639	4,859,215	×		9,690,519	9,365,337
Accumulated amortization cost										
Opening accumulated amortization costs	я	390,192	103,661	420,427	988,360	3,632,126	×	,	5,534,766	5,401,516
Add: Amortization taken	,	92,980	9,196	5,960	183,787	166,116	ř.	e	458,039	323,300
Less: Accumulated amortization on disposals	ť	ii)	(15,790)	0	(204,625)	1.40	3000	э	(220,415)	(190,050)
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 13)	Ä		•	*				,		,
Closing accumulated amortization costs	,	483,172	67,067	426,387	967,522	3,798,242			5,772,390	5,534,766
Net book value \$\)264,314 1. Total contributed/donated assets received in 2024;	\$ 264,314 received in 2024:	7,421	434,704 S	113,600	2,037,117	1,060,973			3,918,129	3,830,571
2. List of assets recognized at nominal value in 2024 are:	nal value in 2024	t are:								
-Infrastructure Assets		·	S							
-Vehicles			9							
-Machinery and Equipment	nt		· ·							
3. Amount of interest capitalized in 2024:	2024:									



SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2024 with comparative figures for 2023

					2024					2023
	ĕ	General Government	Protective Services	Transportation Services	Environmental & Public Health	Planning & Development	Recreation & Culture	Water & Sewer	Total	Total
Asset cost										
Opening asset costs	6 9	492,618	309,561	8,072,565	490,593	•2	•	(*)	9,365,337	8,752,361
Additions during the year		67,860	83,799	577,767	(10)	0.407	δn	ğ	688,320	957,976
Disposals and write-downs during the year		(41,106)	84	(322,032)	()	æ	ä	š	(363,138)	(345,000
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 13)	Į,	v		•		e				
Closing asset costs		519,372	393,360	8,328,300	490,593				9,690,519	9,365,337
Accumulated amortization cost										
Opening accumulated amortization costs		43,675	309,561	4,791,338	390,192	×	¥	×	5,534,766	5,401,516
Add: Amortization taken		4,520		360,539	92,980	i	Ü	ĵ.	458,039	323,300
Less: Accumulated amortization on disposals	S.	(27,196)	×	(193,219)	Ň	ě	1))	i)	(220,415)	(190,050
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 13)			3.0	: •	à	¥.	,			ï
Closing accumulated amortization costs	d	20,999	309,561	4,958,658	483,172	4			5,772,390	5,534,766
Net book value	S	498,373	83,799	3,369,642	7,421				3,918,129	3,830,571



Schedule 8

RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF ROSTHERN NO. 403

SCHEDULE OF INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS BY OBJECT

Year ended December 31, 2024 with comparative figures for 2023

2024

2023

			General			Other			
	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	Assets Under Construction	Total	Total
Asset cost									
Opening asset costs		#1	•10	47	Ñ	•R	Natio	(141)	(*)
Additions during the year	à	890	((€))	690	à	D	()4	з	
Disposals and write-downs during the year	,		٠		į	,	K.	Y	ı
Transfers (from) assets under construction	Q e O	(0)	(9)	3.	9	9	,	¥	ä
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 13)							*	·	
Closing asset costs	x	×	*			•	*		×
Accumulated amortization cost									
Opening accumulated amortization costs	,	2	¥	à	¥	ï	*		¥
Add: Amortization taken	,		×		×	Ê	E	ΧI	41)
Less: Accumulated amortization on disposals	((0)	1992	10	36	,	¥	a		,
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 13)		*		*	×	0.0	×	,	í
Closing accumulated amortization costs	*.	*					1.0	31	.0
Net book value 1. Total contributed/donated assets received in 2024:	\$:ived in 2024:						Ť		
2. List of assets recognized at nominal value in 2024 are:	value in 2024 are:	S	à						
3. Amount of interest capitalized in 2024:	24:	<i>9</i> -3	•						



Schedule 9

RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF ROSTHERN NO. 403

SCHEDULE OF INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2024 with comparative figures for 2023

	8			2024					2023
	General Government	Protective Services	Transportation Services	Environmental & Public Health	Planning & Development	Recreation & Culture	Water & Sewer	Total	Total
Asset cost									
Opening asset costs	649	Ĕ,	•	240	15#8	(D)X	800	9	91
Additions during the year	٠		(M)	R 4 0	(162)	э	9	()II	()II
Disposals and write-downs during the year	ũ	10	ÿ	7.6	0	9	,	3	
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 13)	ž		ď	*	# C	12	·		
Closing asset costs	*								
Accumulated amortization cost									
Opening accumulated amortization costs	34	G.	36	ж	13%	*	ï	*	•
Add: Amortization taken		¥	×	•	x	×	Ñ	*1	*.1
Less: Accumulated amortization on disposals	i	r	×		£	ķ	Ñ	ە	•:
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 13)					(4)	ā		8	
Closing accumulated amortization costs		196		a.c	:4	ì			,
Net book value	8				*				



SCHEDULE OF ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

Year ended December 31, 2024

	<u>2023</u>	Changes	<u>2024</u>
UNAPPROPRIATED SURPLUS	\$ <u>5,913,468</u>	(230,575)	5,682,893
APPROPRIATED RESERVES			
Machinery and equipment	500,000	100,000	600,000
Public reserve	38,003	5 ,7 1	38,003
Capital trust	14	· ·	:=;:
Utility	120	**	:=:
Other	<u>2,545,986</u>	468,870	<u>3,014,856</u>
Total Appropriated	3,083,989	568,870	3,652,859
ORGANIZED HAMLETS			
Hamlet of Blumenthal	263,036	1,106	264,142
Hamlet of Neuanlage	308,012	135,702	443,714
Total Hamlets	571,048	136,808	707,856
NET INVESTMENT IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS			
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 6, 7)	3,830,571	87,558	3,918,129
Intangible capital assets (Schedule 8, 9)	2	(#	
Less: Related debt			=
Net Investment in Tangible Capital Assets	3,830,571	87,558	3,918,129
Accumulated Surplus excluding remeasurement gains (losses)	\$_13,399,076	562,661	13,961,737



Schedule 11

RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF ROSTHERN NO. 403

SCHEDULE OF MILL RATES AND ASSESSMENTS

Year ended December 31, 2024

362,194,185 239,870 2,878,029 362.194.185 Total Mine(s) Potash Commercial & 11,000 114,916 2.0500 9,224,795 Industrial 1.4000 Residential Seasonal PROPERTY CLASS 1.4000 Condominium Residential 1.4000 158,949,020 86,670 1.371.810 Residential 1.1100 194,020,370 142,200 1,391,303 Agriculture (include base and/or minimum Regional Park Assessment (generated for each property Total Municipal Tax Levy Total Base/Minimum Tax tax and special levies) **Taxable Assessment** Mill Rate Factor(s) Total Assessment

class)

MILLS	7.946	2.928	ĸ	5.800
MILL RATES:	Average Municipal*	Average School*	Potash Mill Rate	Uniform Municipal Mill Rate

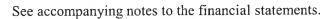
* Average Mill Rates (multiply the total tax levy for each taxing authority by 1000 and divide by the total assessment for the taxing authority)



SCHEDULE OF COUNCIL REMUNERATION

Year ended December 31, 2024

Position	Name	Rem	uneration	Reimbursed <u>Costs</u>	<u>Total</u>
Reeve	Roger Kinzel	\$	8,272	2,033	10,305
Councillor	Chad Krikau		4,106	503	4,609
Councillor	Charles Krikau		5,448	1,380	6,828
Councillor	Darrell Penner		300	32	332
Councillor	Gabriel Benoit		300	¥.	300
Councillor	Glenn Braun		5,781	1,069	6,850
Councillor	Larry Fehr		5,526	1,181	6,707
Councillor	Leo Perrin		3,434	105	3,539
Councillor	Rick Pochipinski		5,317	808	6,125
Councillor	Tom Madden		5,504	1,105	6,609
Total		\$	43,988	8,216	52,204





SCHEDULE OF RESTRUCTURING

Year ended December 31, 2024

Carrying Amount of Assets and Liabilities Transferred/Received at Restructuring Date

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5.5
Investments		2.81
Taxes receivable - Municipal		72
Other accounts receivable		1,00
Assets held for sale		10-6
Long-term receivables		-
Debt charges recoverable		
Bank indebtedness		5 5 .
Accounts payable		: -:
Accrued liabilities payable		- 2
Deposits		I e s
Deferred revenue		-
Asset retirement obligations		E
Liability for contaminated sites		-5
Other liabilities		5
Long-term debt		
Lease obligations		1.0
Tangible capital assets		12
Prepayments and deferred charges		-
Stock and supplies		2
Other	-	
Total Net Carrying Amount Received (Transferred)	\$	

